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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/656,478	09/05/2003	Hassan Mostafavi	VM 03-009-US	8695
55499 Vista IP Law G	7590 11/15/201 roup (Varian)	EXAMINER		
1885 Lundy Av San Jose, CA 93	e, Suite 108	ALLISON, ANDRAE S		
San Jose, CA 9.	3131		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2624	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/15/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/656,478	MOSTAFAVI, HASS	SAN	
Examiner	Art Unit		

	ANDRAE S. ALLISON	2624	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 05 October 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appetor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance v	, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ai no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the s set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.13 ension and the corresponding amount on the tened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in complifiling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further core (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a content of the con	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w); er form for appeal by materially rec	E below); lucing or simplifying th	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).	·		•
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-66. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		be entered and an ex	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	sufficient reasons why the affidavi	t or other evidence is	necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fails	s to provide a
10. \square The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation	n of the status of the claims after er	itry is below or attach	ed.
 REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet. 	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. ☑ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s). <u>8/14/201</u>	0; 10/23/2010	
/Vu Le/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2624			

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: In response to Applicant's arguments on page 12 that the combination of Hipp and Ito fails to disclose "enhancing and image if the object moves relative to a stationary object", the Examiner disagrees. Hipp clearly teaches this limitation because the background is usually stationary; therefore the object would be enhanced relative to a relatively stationary object (see Fig 4a).

Applicant also argued combining Hipp and Ito to reject the limitation "the act of enhancing is accomplished at least in part by performing image averaging and image substation" as recited claim 1 is not correct. Specifically, Applicant stated "the imaging averaging technique of Hipp is a sub-step of a method that is specifically for tracking a moving object in a video while the image subtraction technique of Ito is a sub-step of a completely different method that is specifically for processing images generated using different energies for improving the image of soft tissue". Again the Examiner disagrees with Applicant because the image subtraction technique of Ito was applied to Hipp for noise reduction. Therefore, one of ordinary skilled in the art would have combined both references because performing the noise reduction would increase the tracking capabilities of Hipp.

Applicant also argued that Holliman does not teach a composite image and therefore does not disclose a differential movement method, instead Holliman teaches a matching between a template and an input image. The Examiner, however disagrees because Holliman clearly teaches that differential method is used to create a composite image between the template (note that the template is an image) and the input image, therefore Applicant's arguments are groundless.

Over on page 16, Applicant argues that Abe fails to disclose "determining whether the image has moved does not require a determination of an amount of movement by the object" (claims 64-66), however, the Examiner disagrees. Abe discloses a method for detecting a moving object (see column 1, lines 8-9) wherein the act of determining whether the object has moved does not require a determination of an amount of movement by the object (see column 1, lines 43-55). Therefore, the combination of Hipp, Holliman and Abe as a whole discloses all the limitations of claims 64-66.